

Satisficing and optimizing metric

There are different metrics to evaluate the performance of a classifier, they are called evaluation matrices. They can be categorized as satisficing and optimizing matrices. It is important to note that these evaluation matrices must be evaluated on a training set, a development set or on the test set.

Example: Cat vs Non-cat

Classifier	Accuracy	Running time
A	90%	80 ms
B	92%	95 ms
C	95%	1 500 ms

In this case, accuracy and running time are the evaluation matrices. Accuracy is the optimizing metric, because you want the classifier to correctly detect a cat image as accurately as possible. The running time which is set to be under 100 ms in this example, is the satisficing metric which mean that the metric has to meet expectation set.

The general rule is:

$$N_{metric} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{Optimizing metric} \\ N_{metric} - 1 & \text{Satisficing metric} \end{cases}$$